

Financial Section

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Net Cash Strategy for Supporting Investments in Online Game Development

Capcom has set a financial goal of improving net cash to build a lean financial foundation without waste while at the same time securing funding to invest in growth and increasing shareholder returns.

The reason behind the goal is the significant evolution underway in the game software market due to the incorporation of mobile and social games in addition to home games and PC online games, which represents a business opportunity for Capcom. We have therefore formulated growth strategies for our online and mobile businesses in addition to our basic strategy of developing high-quality content, and have sought to reinforce our investments in development.

We will seek stable growth over the medium- and long-term by raising profitability through our growth strategies and generating high level of cash flows.

Tamio Oda

Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (CFO)



1. Securing Funding to Invest in Growth

With the market environment undergoing major changes, Capcom believes now is the right time for investing in growth. We are therefore aiming to increase our net cash position further by maximizing our free cash flows and making investments in development.

In order to fulfill this policy, we will institute two new financial strategies focused on generating cash flows through process management. The first strategy is to take a thorough approach to managing the recovery of investments. In this regard, we will expand current title-by-title investment management system using a comparable category-by-category database based on information covering our brands and producers. The second strategy is to maximize working capital efficiency. Under this strategy, we will expand our business-by-business investor capital management system and establish a framework to manage our investment turnover period and turnover ratio in a more visible manner.

Despite the confluence of major titles falling short of their sales targets and others being postponed, net cash in the fiscal year ended March 2013, increased 3 billion yen from the previous fiscal year to a total of 14.3 billion yen. This was due to the execution of the above strategy, which resulted in an increase in cash deposits less interest-bearing debt via thorough capital efficiency.

Furthermore, analysis of past fiscal years shows that our net cash position, or cash deposits less interest-bearing debt, as of the fiscal year ended March 1996 was negative 66.2 billion yen. Considering that our net cash position in the year ended March 2013 was 14.3 billion yen, this represents an improvement of nearly 80.5 billion yen over the past 15 years.

2. Increasing Shareholder Returns

Capcom believes it is important to provide returns to shareholders and

seeks to: (1) enhance corporate value by achieving growth through investments and other means and (2) maintain stable dividend payments commensurate with business performance.

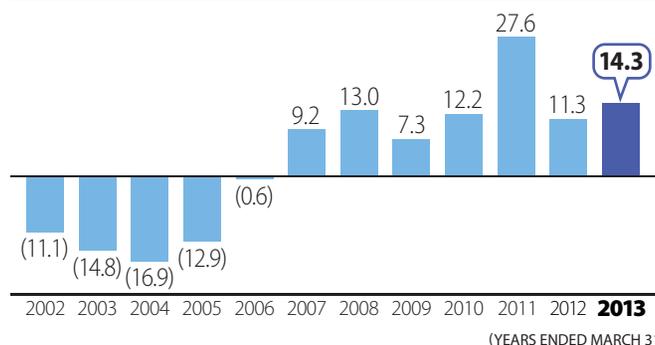
For the year ended March 2013, the total annual dividend was 40 yen, the same as the previous fiscal year. As a result, our payout ratio was 77.5%.

Following analysis of past fiscal years, Capcom paid 20 yen per share from the year ended March 1998 to the year ended March 2006. From the year ended March 2007, we increased dividends to 30 yen per share as the structural reforms enabled us to establish a stable profit base. Since the year ended March 2009, we had been paying 35 yen per share, but as of the year ended March 2011, we are paying a dividend of 40 yen per share.

We have also acquired approximately 13.0 billion yen in treasury stock since the year ended March 2004. We will seek further improvement in net cash to continue strengthening investments for growth and to deliver returns to shareholders.

Net Cash on Historical Basis

(Billions of yen)



11-Year Summary of Consolidated Financial Indicators

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
For the Year:					
	Millions of yen				
Net sales	¥ 62,036	¥ 52,668	¥ 65,895	¥ 70,253	¥ 74,542
Operating income	6,680	1,402	7,752	6,580	9,602
Net income (loss) before income taxes	(30,049)	(6,900)	7,006	6,912	9,986
Net income (loss)	(19,598)	(9,158)	3,622	6,941	5,852
Depreciation & amortization	2,202	2,081	2,101	1,936	2,774
Capital expenditures	2,289	4,678	1,665	1,600	4,495
R&D expenses	1,151	1,124	1,323	1,864	1,828
At Year-End:					
	Millions of yen				
Total assets	¥ 106,648	¥ 93,096	¥ 106,361	¥ 98,457	¥ 91,478
Net assets	42,888	31,854	32,491	39,464	45,144
Net cash	(14,894)	(16,957)	(12,948)	(678)	9,200
Cash Flows:					
	Millions of yen				
Cash flows from operating activities	¥ 3,635	¥ 5,577	¥ 7,977	¥ 13,921	¥ 16,063
Cash flows from investing activities	(2,329)	(5,011)	(1,099)	(1,779)	(6,715)
Cash flows from financing activities	(2,000)	(395)	6,251	(18,259)	(15,206)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,555)	(1,313)	13,406	(4,885)	(5,654)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	33,444	32,131	45,538	40,652	35,020
Per Share Data:					
	Yen				
Net income (loss) per share	¥ (338.01)	¥ (160.91)	¥ 63.37	¥ 125.19	¥ 107.52
cash dividends applicable to the year per share	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	30.00
Net assets per share	753.47	559.66	589.99	716.91	799.35
Financial Index:					
Operating margin (%)	10.8	2.7	11.7	9.4	12.9
ROE (%)	—	—	11.3	19.3	13.8
ROA (%)	—	—	3.6	6.8	6.2
Net worth ratio (%)	40.2	34.2	30.5	40.1	49.3
Interest coverage ratio (times)	14.6	20.3	30.0	82.6	237.3
Debt-equity ratio (%)	148.8	192.4	227.9	149.4	102.8
Stock Information:					
Price earnings ratio (times)	—	—	16.5	9.7	15.7
Number of outstanding shares (thousands shares)	58,435	58,435	58,435	58,435	62,269
Foreign investors (%)	16.85	16.59	14.79	23.35	32.60

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2013
Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars	
¥ 83,097	¥ 91,878	¥ 66,837	¥ 97,716	¥ 82,065	¥ 94,075	\$ 1,000,709
13,121	14,618	5,587	14,295	12,318	10,151	107,993
11,962	12,448	1,124	10,807	11,425	3,719	39,572
7,807	8,063	2,167	7,750	6,723	2,973	31,632
3,393	4,143	3,368	3,315	3,123	3,406	36,235
4,503	2,906	2,205	2,758	4,153	8,724	92,811
2,972	2,329	2,125	2,924	2,236	1,982	21,086
Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars	
¥ 93,606	¥ 106,210	¥ 86,621	¥ 90,408	¥ 98,247	¥ 104,365	\$ 1,110,266
53,660	59,349	53,956	58,007	59,352	62,828	668,386
13,061	7,378	12,299	27,655	11,348	14,327	152,415
Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars	
¥ 7,452	¥ (551)	¥ 14,320	¥ 22,392	¥ (7,672)	¥ 6,647	\$ 70,714
(3,374)	(2,715)	(1,618)	(2,046)	(4,794)	(1,375)	(14,628)
(2,448)	(342)	(10,747)	(12,919)	587	1,162	12,366
(2,256)	(4,454)	1,203	5,196	(12,724)	9,235	98,246
32,763	28,611	29,815	35,011	22,287	31,522	335,345
Yen					U.S. dollars	
¥ 132.90	¥ 130.98	¥ 35.71	¥ 131.18	¥ 116.10	¥ 51.64	\$ 0.55
30.00	35.00	35.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	0.43
881.31	961.38	913.18	981.76	1,030.70	1,091.08	11.61
15.8	15.9	8.4	14.6	15.0	10.8	
15.8	14.3	3.8	13.8	11.5	4.9	
8.4	8.1	2.3	8.8	7.1	2.9	
57.3	55.9	62.3	64.2	60.4	60.2	
103.7	—	86.9	155.8	—	62.4	
74.4	79.0	60.5	55.9	65.5	66.1	
25.6	13.3	49.5	12.1	16.3	28.6	
66,719	67,394	67,723	67,723	67,723	67,723	
27.72	33.73	24.22	22.17	27.05	32.37	

Financial Review

1. Operating Results

Capcom Co., Ltd. consolidated performance in year ended March 31, 2013 consisted of net sales amounting to 94,075 million yen (up 14.6% from the previous fiscal year). As for profits, operating income was 10,151 million yen (down 17.6% from the previous fiscal year), and ordinary income was 10,944 million yen (down 7.4% from the previous fiscal year).

Net income for the current fiscal year was 2,973 million yen (down 55.8% from the previous fiscal year) due to the recognition of a special loss on business restructuring in line with development structure revisions.

2. Sales and Profits

(1) Net Sales

This fiscal year, net sales were 94,075 million yen (up 14.6% from the previous fiscal year).

Sales were brisk in Digital Contents, the core of Capcom's business, with package game sales of major title "Resident Evil 6" reaching 4.9 million units globally and original title "Dragon's Dogma" becoming an unexpected million-seller hit in the highly profitable domestic market. In Mobile Contents, "Minna to Monhan Card Master" and "Resident Evil: Outbreak Survive" were on track to surpass two million members each and online game "Monster Hunter Frontier Online" contributed stable income to earnings. In the Amusement Equipments business, sales of the "Resident Evil 5" Pachislo cabinet created in-house greatly exceeded expectations.

(2) Operating Income

Cost of sales was 61,911 million yen (up 24.8% from the previous fiscal year), gross profit was 32,163 million yen (down 0.9% from the previous fiscal year) and selling, general and administrative expenses were 21,942 million yen (up 8.9% from the previous fiscal year).

These results were mainly due to the cost of goods was increased by 12.3 billion yen from the last fiscal year as a result of expansion development and general costs associated with the sales of major

titles such as "Resident Evil 6". Furthermore, lower sales resulting from package game titles that failed to achieve their targets and other factors caused the cost to sales ratio to increase almost 5.3 points.

In addition, selling, general and administrative expenses increased approximately 1.7 billion yen on the combination of major title sales and advertising activities.

As a result, operating income was 10,151 million yen (down 17.6% from the previous fiscal year) and the operating margin decreased 4.2 points.

(3) Net Income

Non-operating expenses for the current fiscal year were 312 million yen, while non-operating income was 1,105 million yen on the recognition of 745 million yen in foreign exchange gains arising from the ongoing weakening of the yen.

As a result, ordinary income was 10,944 million yen (down 7.4% from the previous fiscal year) and the ordinary income ratio was 11.6%, down 2.8 points from the previous fiscal year.

Additionally, the recognition of a 6,949 million yen special loss on business restructuring in line with development structure revisions contributed to a significant increase in special losses totaling 7,224 million yen.

As a result, net income for the current fiscal year was 2,973 million yen (down 55.8% from the previous fiscal year) and the net margin dropped significantly by 3.2%.

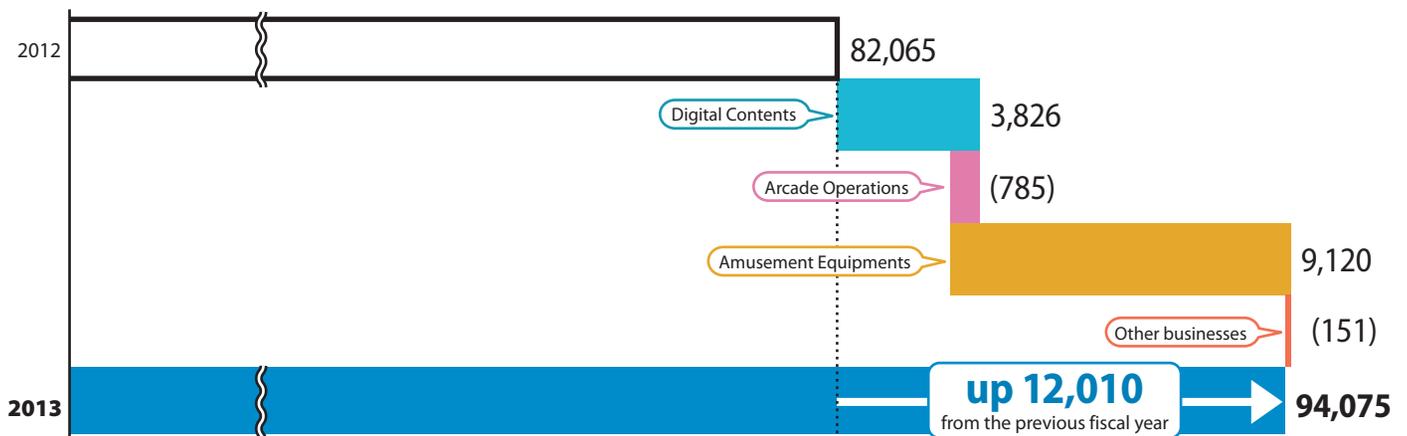
3. Status of Each Operational Department

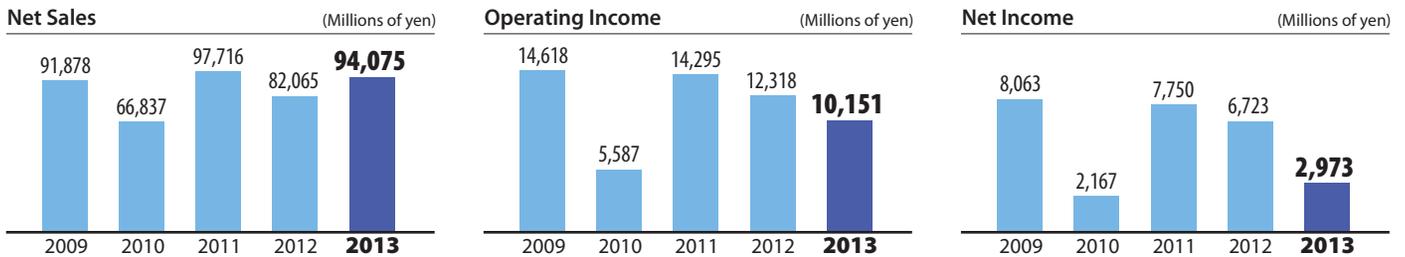
(1) Digital Content business

In the Digital Contents business, which constitutes our core competence, the flagship title "Resident Evil 6" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360) sold at a brisk pace initially when it was launched. Its sales, however, subsequently plateaued. As a result, it did not meet with our projection and thus was not able to play a role in leading the segment's sales growth. In contrast, "Dragon's Dogma" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360) became a greater-than-expected hit product in the domestic market, which has high profitability, and became an unprecedented million seller in the recent years as an original title. In addition, "DmC Devil May Cry" (for PlayStation 3

Net Sales

(Millions of yen)





and Xbox 360) enjoyed stable popularity in overseas markets and posted solid sales. Furthermore, "Monster Hunter 3 (Tri) G HD Ver.", which was our first title for the new home video console "Wii U" that was launched in December 2012, also became a smash hit. However, its package sales were generally soft.

In the meantime, "Minna to Monhan Card Master", which the Company began to distribute via Mobage in the previous fiscal year, continued to post growth, thanks to the increasingly widespread of smartphones. At the same time, "Resident Evil: Outbreak Survive" for GREE steadily gained new users. As a consequence, both titles enjoyed membership exceeding two million each.

Additionally, the "Monster Hunter Frontier Online" series has remained a perennial favorite and continued to bring in stable income. Strong results being achieved by the contents segment is leading the Company's profit structure to undergo a transformation.

Furthermore, "Smurf's Village" under "Beeline" brand has securely built stable sales over a long range.

The resulting net sales were 63,636 million yen (up 6.4 % from the previous year) and operating income was 7,062 million yen (down 45.2 % from the previous year).

(2) Arcade Operations business

In the Arcade Operations business, Capcom focused its attention on securely capturing core users by holding various events and providing pleasant facilities in an effort to attract a greater number of customers in the increasingly sluggish market. In addition, the Company concentrated its efforts on building a broad customer base so as to find new customers. In line with this strategy, the

Company conducted promotional tours to let middle-aged and older people try their hands at game machines free of charge, and installed machines that parents and their children can play together. Nonetheless, the segment results were soft, partly because of the dispersion of entertainment, resulting from overlapping of arcade game players with smartphone users. The other issues to the weak results were a shortage of sales-driving products and the Company's inability to avoid the recoiling from an increase in demand in the months following the Great East Japan Earthquake.

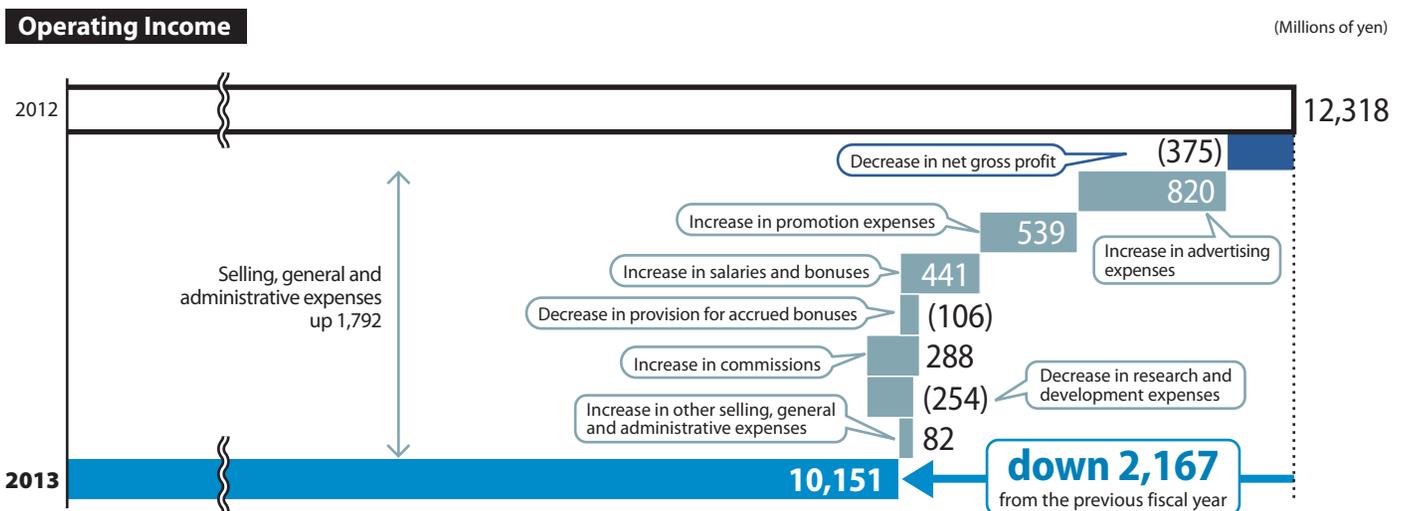
During this fiscal year, new arcade openings were postponed in consideration of the market environment. As three unprofitable arcades were closed down, the total number of arcades became 34 as of the end of the current period.

The resulting net sales were 10,944 million yen (down 6.7 % from the previous year) and operating income was 1,709 million yen (down 4.4 % from the previous year).

(3) Amusement Equipments business

In the Pachinko & Pachislo division, the business scale steadily expanded. This was due in part to the flagship title "Resident Evil 5", whose sales significantly exceeded expectations in a synergy with home video game software and buoyed profits. The expanding contracted product development business was another factor contributing to the segment growth.

In the Arcade Games Sales business, "Mario Party Kurukuru! Carnival", which is a coin-operated game machine, posted solid sales against the backdrop of a gap in the new product supply cycle. Repeat sales of existing products were also sound.



The resulting net sales were 16,783 million yen (up 119.0 % from the previous year) and operating income was 4,892 million yen (up 449.3 % from the previous year).

(4) Other Businesses

Publication of game guidebooks and sales of character-related goods constitute the main component of sales in other businesses. Net sales of the segment were 2,711 million yen (down 5.3% from the previous year) and operating income was 740 million yen (down 15.6 % from the previous year).

4. Analysis of Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

(1) Assets

Total assets as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 6,117 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 104,365 million yen. Primary increases were 6,769 million yen in cash on hand and in banks and 2,258 million yen in short term deferred tax

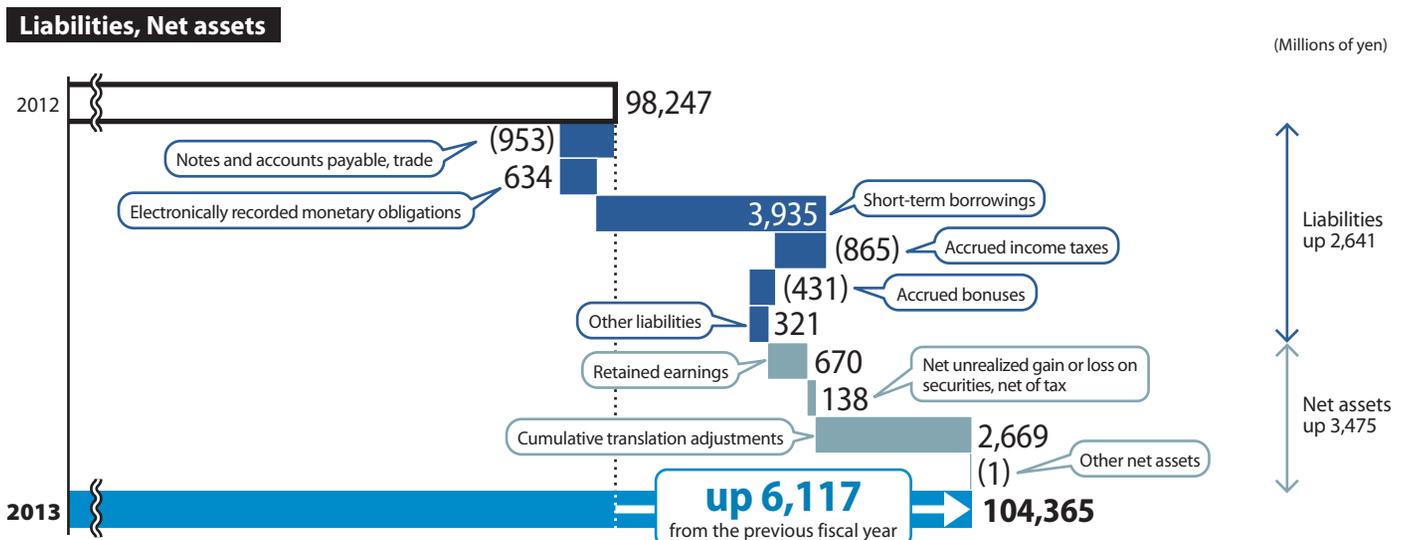
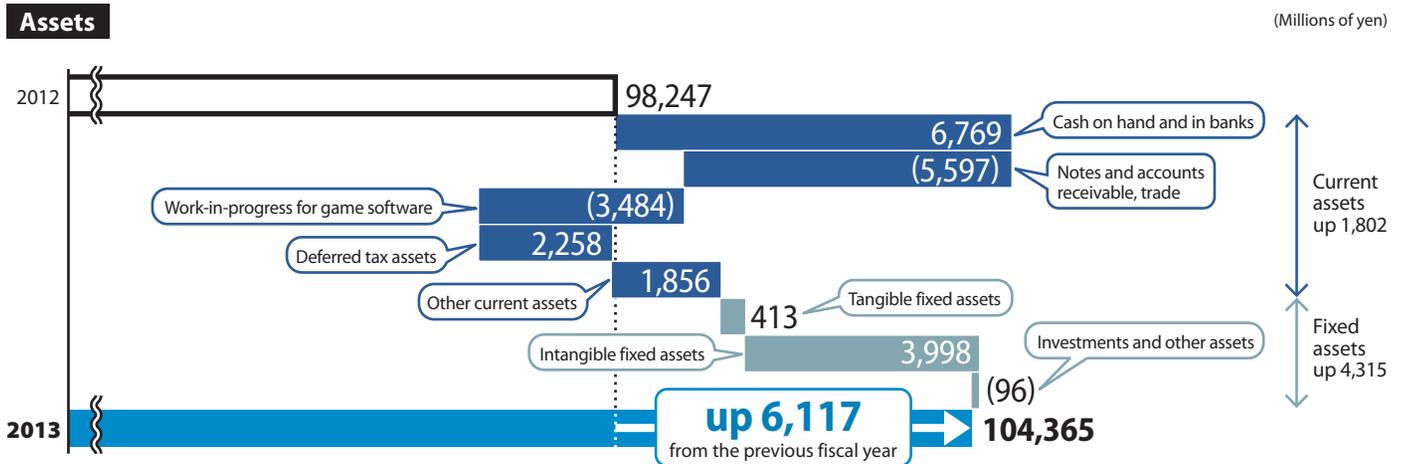
assets. Primary decrease was 5,597 million yen in notes and accounts receivable, trade.

(2) Liabilities

Total liabilities as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 2,641 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 41,536 million yen. Primary increase was 3,935 million yen in short-term borrowings. Primary decrease was 953 million yen in notes and accounts payable, trade.

(3) Net assets

Net assets as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 3,475 million yen from the previous fiscal year to 62,828 million yen. Primary increases were 2,973 million yen in net income for the as of the end of the current fiscal year and 2,669 million yen in cumulative translation adjustments which related to foreign exchange translation of the net assets of foreign consolidated subsidiaries. Primary decrease was 2,303 million yen in cash dividends.



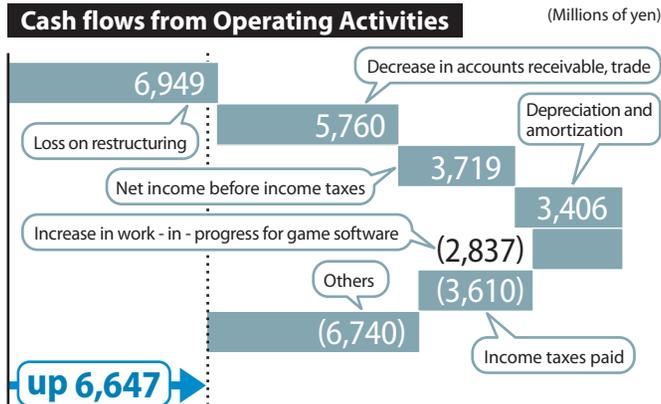
5. Analysis of Cash Flow

Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 9,235 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 31,522 million yen. Cash flow positions of each activity and their factors are described below.

(1) Cash flows from operating activities

Net cash gained from operating activities was 6,647 million yen (7,672 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

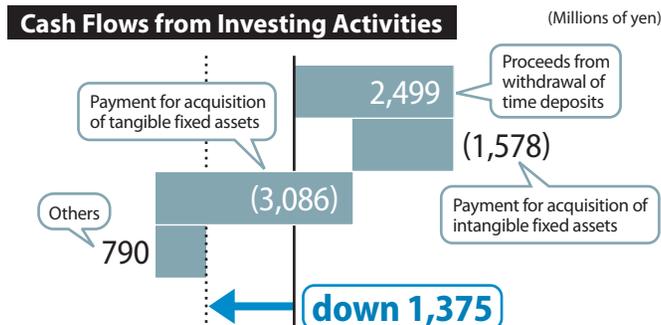
Primary increases gained were 5,760 million yen decrease in notes and accounts receivable, trade (increase of 5,550 million yen in the previous fiscal year) and 3,719 million yen in net income before income taxes (11,425 million yen in the previous fiscal year). Main decreases were the followings: 3,610 million yen in income taxes paid (4,195 million in the previous fiscal year) and 2,837 million yen increase in work-in-progress for game software (11,899 million yen in the previous fiscal year).



(2) Cash flows from investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was 1,375 million yen (4,794 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

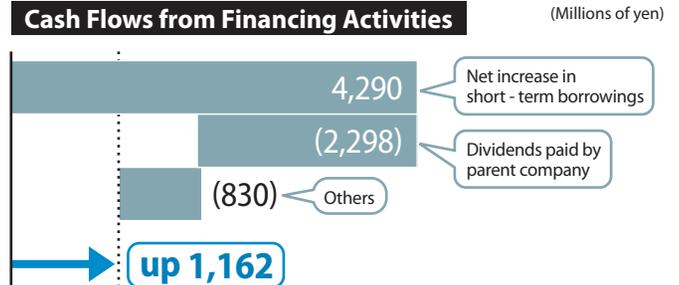
The primary increase used in were as follows: 3,086 million yen in payment for acquisitions of tangible fixed assets (2,153 million yen in the previous fiscal year); 1,578 million yen in payment for acquisitions of intangible fixed assets (527 million yen in the previous fiscal year). Primary decrease was 2,499 million yen in income from withdrawal of time deposit (no withdrawal in the previous fiscal year).



(3) Cash flows from financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was 1,162 million yen (587 million yen provided by the previous fiscal year).

Primary increase gained was 4,290 million yen in net increase in short-term borrowings (6,760 million yen in the previous fiscal year). Primary decreases were the followings: 2,298 million yen in dividend paid (2,339 million yen in the previous fiscal year).



Trends of Cash Flow Indicators

	Year ended March 2011	Year ended March 2012	Year ended March 2013
Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets (%)	64.2	60.4	60.2
Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets based on fair market value (%)	103.9	110.8	81.4
Debt amortization ratio to cash flows (%)	32.8	—	258.7
Interest coverage ratio (times)	155.8	—	62.4

Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets: Shareholders' equity / Total assets

Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets based on fair market value: Total of the capital stock at market price / Total assets

Debt amortization ratio to cash flows: Interest-bearing debt / Cash flows from operating activities

Interest coverage ratio: Cash flows from operating activities / Interest payments

(Note 1) Percentage figures are calculated on a consolidated basis.

(Note 2) Total market value of shares is calculated based on the number of shares as of the end of the fiscal year excluding treasury stock.

(Note 3) Cash flows are used for cash flows from operating activities.

(Note 4) The interest-bearing debt refers to the debts posted in the consolidated balance sheets for which we are paying interests.

(Note 5) As the cash flows from operating activities fell into red in fiscal year ended March 2009 and ended March 2012, we have omitted debt amortization ratio to cash flows from operating activities and interest coverage ratio.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. MARCH 31, 2013 AND 2012

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
(Assets)			
Current assets:			
Cash on hand and in banks [Notes 9(1) and 11]	24,752	31,522	335,345
Notes and accounts receivable, trade [Notes 5(3) and 11]	17,285	11,687	124,338
Merchandise and finished goods	1,793	1,756	18,682
Work - in - progress	443	906	9,642
Raw materials and supplies	1,417	1,592	16,936
Work - in - progress for game software	22,373	18,888	200,946
Deferred tax assets [Note 15]	4,239	6,497	69,124
Other	2,791	4,054	43,131
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(58)	(64)	(684)
Total current assets	75,038	76,841	817,462
Fixed assets:			
Tangible fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation [Note 5(1)]			
Buildings and structures, net [Note 5(2)]	5,125	4,907	52,211
Machinery and vehicles, net	21	34	368
Tools, fixtures and furniture, net	1,052	1,105	11,758
Equipment for amusement facilities, net	1,637	1,199	12,759
Land [Note 5(2)]	4,298	5,052	53,751
Leased assets, net [Note 10(2)]	709	849	9,037
Construction - in - progress	—	108	1,158
Total tangible fixed assets	12,844	13,258	141,046
Intangible assets			
Goodwill	291	200	2,128
Other	3,619	7,709	82,013
Total intangible assets	3,911	7,909	84,142
Investments and other assets			
Investments in securities [Notes 5(3) and 12]	368	515	5,487
Claim in bankruptcy and reorganization	265	66	708
Lease deposits [Note 11]	4,522	4,341	46,185
Deferred tax assets [Note 15]	908	733	7,808
Other	663	776	8,257
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(275)	(78)	(831)
Total investments and other assets	6,452	6,355	67,615
Total fixed assets	23,208	27,523	292,803
Total assets	98,247	104,365	1,110,266

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
(Liabilities)			
Current liabilities:			
Notes and accounts payable, trade [Notes 5(4) and 11]	7,257	6,304	67,064
Electronically recorded monetary obligations [Note 11]	—	634	6,748
Short - term borrowings [Notes 5(2) and (5), 11 and 24]	7,259	11,194	119,091
Lease obligations [Notes 11 and 24]	322	364	3,872
Accrued income taxes	2,977	2,111	22,465
Deferred tax liabilities [Note 15]	7	—	—
Accrued bonuses	2,111	1,679	17,870
Allowance for sales returns	118	187	1,994
Asset retirement obligations [Notes 17 and 25]	19	20	219
Other	9,254	9,409	100,096
Total current liabilities	29,327	31,905	339,424
Long - term liabilities:			
Long - term borrowings [Notes 5(2) and (5), 11 and 24]	6,145	6,000	63,837
Lease obligations [Note 11 and 24]	429	553	5,888
Deferred tax liabilities [Note 15]	225	2	24
Accrued retirement benefits for employees [Note 14(2)]	1,509	1,697	18,057
Asset retirement obligations [Notes 17 and 25]	325	329	3,502
Other	932	1,047	11,145
Total long - term liabilities	9,567	9,630	102,455
Total liabilities	38,895	41,536	441,880
(Net assets)			
Shareholders' equity:			
Common stock	33,239	33,239	353,609
Capital surplus	21,328	21,328	226,903
Retained earnings	27,328	27,998	297,854
Treasury stock	(15,846)	(15,848)	(168,598)
Total shareholders' equity	66,049	66,718	709,769
Accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Net unrealized gain or loss on securities, net of tax	(46)	91	971
Cumulative translation adjustments	(6,650)	(3,981)	(42,353)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(6,697)	(3,889)	(41,382)
Total net assets	59,352	62,828	668,386
Total liabilities and net assets	98,247	104,365	1,110,266

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated statements of income

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net sales	82,065	94,075	1,000,799
Cost of sales	49,609	61,911	658,633
Gross profit	32,456	32,163	342,166
Reversal of allowance for sales returns	12	—	—
Provision of allowance for sales returns	—	69	737
Net gross profit	32,469	32,094	341,429
Selling, general and administrative expenses [Notes 6(1) and (3)]	20,150	21,942	233,435
Operating income	12,318	10,151	107,993
Non - operating income:			
Interest income	85	92	988
Dividend income	10	9	96
Settlement received	67	—	—
Exchange gains, net	—	745	7,930
Other	126	257	2,744
Total	289	1,105	11,759
Non - operating expenses:			
Interest expense	115	107	1,139
Exchange losses, net	456	—	—
Commission fee	66	60	642
Other	151	144	1,541
Total	788	312	3,322
Ordinary income	11,819	10,944	116,430
Special gains:			
Gain on sales of investments in securities	8	—	—
Total	8	—	—
Special losses:			
Loss on sales and/or disposal of fixed assets [Note 6(2)]	321	216	2,301
Impairment loss [Note 6(4)]	80	58	620
Loss on restructuring [Note 6(5)]	—	6,949	73,935
Total	402	7,224	76,858
Net income before income taxes	11,425	3,719	39,572
Income taxes - current [Note 15]	3,513	2,968	31,582
Income taxes - deferred [Note 15]	1,188	(2,222)	(23,642)
Total	4,701	746	7,940
Net income before minority interests	6,723	2,973	31,632
Net income	6,723	2,973	31,632

Consolidated statements of comprehensive income

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net income before minority interests	6,723	2,973	31,632
Other comprehensive income [Note 7(1)]			
Net unrealized gain or loss on securities, net of tax	9	138	1,470
Cumulative translation adjustments	(344)	2,669	28,395
Total other comprehensive income	(334)	2,807	29,865
Comprehensive income	6,389	5,780	61,497
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent	6,389	5,780	61,497
Minority interests	—	—	—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Shareholders' equity			
Common stock			
Opening balance	33,239	33,239	353,609
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	—	—	—
Ending balance	33,239	33,239	353,609
Capital surplus			
Opening balance	21,328	21,328	226,903
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Disposal of treasury stock	0	0	0
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	0	0	0
Ending balance	21,328	21,328	226,903
Retained earnings			
Opening balance	22,945	27,328	290,726
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Cash dividends [Note 8(3)]	(2,340)	(2,303)	(24,503)
Net income	6,723	2,973	31,632
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	4,383	670	7,128
Ending balance	27,328	27,998	297,854
Treasury stock			
Opening balance	(13,143)	(15,846)	(168,582)
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2,703)	(1)	(16)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	0	0
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(2,703)	(1)	(15)
Ending balance	(15,846)	(15,848)	(168,598)
Total shareholders' equity			
Opening balance	64,370	66,049	702,656
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Cash dividends	(2,340)	(2,303)	(24,503)
Net income	6,723	2,973	31,632
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2,703)	(1)	(16)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	0	0
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	1,679	668	7,112
Ending balance	66,049	66,718	709,769

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Accumulated other comprehensive income			
Net unrealized gain or loss on securities, net of tax			
Opening balance	(56)	(46)	(499)
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	9	138	1,470
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	9	138	1,470
Ending balance	(46)	91	971
Cumulative translation adjustments			
Opening balance	(6,305)	(6,650)	(70,749)
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(344)	2,669	28,395
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(344)	2,669	28,395
Ending balance	(6,650)	(3,981)	(42,353)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income			
Opening balance	(6,362)	(6,697)	(71,248)
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(334)	2,807	29,865
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(334)	2,807	29,865
Ending balance	(6,697)	(3,889)	(41,382)
Total net assets			
Opening balance	58,007	59,352	631,407
Change of items during the fiscal year			
Cash dividends	(2,340)	(2,303)	(24,503)
Net income	6,723	2,973	31,632
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2,703)	(1)	(16)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	0	0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(334)	2,807	29,865
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	1,344	3,475	36,978
Ending balance	59,352	62,828	668,386

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

CAPCOM CO., LTD. AND ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income before income taxes	11,425	3,719	39,572
Depreciation and amortization	3,123	3,406	36,235
Impairment loss	80	58	620
Amortization of goodwill	112	132	1,406
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts	9	1	13
Decrease in accrued bonuses	(362)	(474)	(5,042)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for sales returns	(12)	69	737
Increase in accrued retirement benefits for employees	126	185	1,972
Interest and dividend income	(95)	(101)	(1,084)
Interest expense	115	107	1,139
Exchange (gains) losses, net	424	(485)	(5,163)
Loss on sales and/or disposal of fixed assets	321	216	2,301
Gain on sales of investments in securities	(8)	—	—
Loss on restructuring	—	6,949	73,935
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, trade	(5,550)	5,760	61,281
Increase in inventories	(1,450)	(493)	(5,246)
Increase in work - in - progress for game software	(11,899)	(2,837)	(30,186)
(Decrease) increase in notes and accounts payable, trade	1,720	(474)	(5,050)
Increase in other current assets	(309)	(1,031)	(10,971)
(Decrease) increase in other current liabilities	202	(1,553)	(16,529)
Other	(1,419)	(2,901)	(30,862)
Subtotal	(3,447)	10,253	109,078
Interest and dividends received	86	109	1,170
Interest paid	(115)	(105)	(1,121)
Income taxes paid	(4,195)	(3,610)	(38,412)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(7,672)	6,647	70,714
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments into time deposits [Note 9(1)]	(2,465)	—	—
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	—	2,499	26,591
Payment for acquisition of tangible fixed assets	(2,153)	(3,086)	(32,838)
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	434	659	7,013
Payment for acquisition of intangible assets	(527)	(1,578)	(16,792)
Payment for purchase of investments in securities	(12)	(12)	(135)
Proceeds from sales of investments in securities	47	—	—
Collection of loans receivable	0	—	—
Payment for other investing activities	(379)	(453)	(4,822)
Proceeds from other investing activities	260	597	6,355
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,794)	(1,375)	(14,628)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase in short - term borrowings	6,760	4,290	45,638
Proceeds from long - term borrowings	3,000	—	—
Repayments of long - term borrowings	(3,711)	(499)	(5,311)
Repayments of lease obligations	(418)	(327)	(3,488)
Payment for repurchase of treasury stock	(2,703)	(1)	(16)
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	0	0	0
Dividends paid by parent company	(2,339)	(2,298)	(24,456)
Net cash provided by financing activities	587	1,162	12,366
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(845)	2,800	29,794
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12,724)	9,235	98,246
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	35,011	22,287	237,098
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year [Note 9(1)]	22,287	31,522	335,345

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Major policies in preparing the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of CAPCOM CO., LTD. ("Company") and its subsidiaries have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

Each amount in the consolidated financial statements and notes is rounded down to the nearest 1 million yen (in the case of translation into U.S. dollars, it is rounded down to the nearest 1 thousand U.S. dollars).

The rate of ¥94=U.S.\$1.00, the approximate current rate of exchange prevailing on March 31, 2013, has been used for the purpose of presentation of the U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. These U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for convenience and should not be construed as representations that the Japanese yen amounts actually represent, have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies:**(1) Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements consist of the accounts of the Company and its 16 majority - owned subsidiaries (the "Companies") at the relevant balance sheet date. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

The investments in 20% to 50% owned companies ("Affiliated companies") are, with minor exceptions, accounted for under the equity method.

The 16 subsidiaries are as follows:

CAPCOM U.S.A., INC. (U.S.A.)
 CAPCOM GAME STUDIO VANCOUVER, INC. (Canada)
 BEELINE INTERACTIVE, INC. (U.S.A.)
 BEELINE INTERACTIVE CANADA, INC. (Canada)
 BEELINE INTERACTIVE JAPAN, INC. (Japan)
 BEELINE INTERACTIVE EUROPE LTD. (U.K.)
 BEELINE INTERACTIVE THAILAND LTD. (Thailand)
 CE EUROPE LTD. (U.K.)
 CAPCOM ENTERTAINMENT GERMANY GmbH (Germany)
 CAPCOM ENTERTAINMENT FRANCE SAS (France)
 CAPCOM ASIA CO., LTD. (Hong Kong)
 CAPCOM TAIWAN CO., LTD. (Taiwan)
 CAPCOM ENTERTAINMENT KOREA CO., LTD. (South Korea)
 CAPTRON CO., LTD. (Japan)
 K2 CO., LTD. (Japan)
 ENTERRISE CO., LTD. (Japan)

An Affiliated company accounted for under the equity method is as follows:

STREET FIGHTER FILM, LLC (U.S.A.)

(2) Investments in securities

Available - for - sale securities whose fair values are readily determinable are stated at fair value at the fiscal year end.

Net unrealized gains or losses on these securities are recorded as a separate component of "Net assets," at the net of tax amount.

The cost of securities sold is determined based on the average cost of all such securities held at the time of sale.

Other securities whose fair values are not readily determinable are stated at cost, cost being determined by the average cost method.

(3) Inventories ("Merchandise and finished goods," "Work - in - progress," "Raw materials and supplies") and "Work - in - progress for game software"

Inventories are stated at the acquisition cost, determined principally by the moving average cost method. Inventories are stated at cost with the book value reduction method based on a decline in profitability for balance sheet carrying amounts.

Work - in - progress for game software, including development costs incurred by subcontractors for game machines, is stated at accumulated cost on a specific project basis. Work - in - progress for game software is stated at cost with the book value reduction method based on a decline in profitability for balance sheet carrying amounts.

(4) Tangible fixed assets, except for leased assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries compute depreciation of tangible fixed assets using the declining balance method at rates based on the estimated useful life of the respective asset, except for buildings (excluding leasehold improvements and auxiliary facilities attached to buildings), for which depreciation is computed using the straight - line method. Foreign subsidiaries, except for some subsidiaries, compute depreciation on a straight - line basis.

The primary useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures	3-50 years
Equipment for amusement facilities	3-20 years

(5) Intangible assets, except for leased assets

Amortization of intangible assets is computed by the straight - line method. The amortization period, except for computer software and online game contents, is based upon the individual estimated useful life of the asset.

The amortization period for computer software and online game contents is based upon the estimated period of internal use (3 to 5 years) and the estimated period of online game services (2 to 3 years), respectively.

(6) Leased assets

Leases that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. Depreciation of such leased assets is computed by the straight - line method with the lease term regarded as useful life and the residual value at zero.

If there is a contract on guaranteed residual value for the lease, such guaranteed residual value is used as accounting residual one.

Leases that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to the lessee as part of the lease, the contracts of which were made on or before March 31, 2008, are accounted for in a similar manner as ordinary rental transactions.

Leases that transfer ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. Depreciation methods for such leased assets are the same with those applied to the tangible fixed assets owned by the Companies.

(7) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated based on the prior loss experience and the estimated amount of probable individual bad debts at the fiscal year end.

This amount is considered sufficient to cover possible losses on collection.

(8) Accrued bonuses

Accrued bonuses are stated at the estimated amount of the bonus to be paid to employees based on their services provided during the fiscal year.

(9) Accrued retirement benefits for employees

The accrual for retirement benefits for employees is calculated based on the estimated amount of projected benefit obligations at the year - end.

The unrecognized net transition obligation (¥552 million (\$5,877 thousand)) is amortized over 15 years.

Unrecognized prior service liabilities are amortized over 8 years, the average remaining service period, commencing from the date on which they are incurred.

Unrecognized actuarial net gains or losses are amortized over 8 to 14 years, the average remaining service period, commencing from the following year in which they arise.

(10) Allowance for sales returns

The allowance for sales returns is provided for estimated losses resulting from sales returns subsequent to the balance sheet date and is based on prior loss experience.

(11) Amortization of goodwill

Goodwill is amortized by the straight - line method over 4 years. In the case in which its amount is insignificant, it is amortized at one time.

(12) Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near maturity that they present an insignificant risk of change in value.

(13) Other

Accounting for consumption taxes

Consumption taxes on goods and services are not included in the revenue and expense amounts in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

3. Changes in accounting policies pursuant to amendments in respective laws and regulations that are not distinguishable from changes in accounting estimates:

Effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have changed their depreciation method for tangible fixed assets in accordance with the amendments of the corporate tax law.

Accordingly, assets acquired on or after April 1, 2012 are depreciated using the method prescribed in the amended corporate tax law.

The impact of this change on the consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 is insignificant.

4. Unapplied accounting standards, etc.:

“Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits” (Accounting Standard Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 26, May 17, 2012) and “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits (ASBJ Guidance No. 25, May 17, 2012)

(1) Outline

The purpose of the revision of this accounting standard and its guidance is to improve Japanese financial reporting and to better follow the international accounting trend, centering around treatment of unrecognized actuarial differences and past service liabilities, determination of retirement benefit obligations and current service costs, and enhancement of disclosures.

(2) Effective date

Except for amendments relating to the determination of retirement benefit obligations and current service costs, all amendments shall be applied to the fiscal year ending on or after March 31, 2014. Amendments relating to the determination of retirement benefit obligations and current service costs shall be applied to the fiscal year ending on or after March 31, 2015.

(3) Impact of application of new accounting standard

The Companies are currently in the process of determining the impact of the new accounting standard and its guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

5. Notes to consolidated balance sheets**(1) Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets**

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets	16,712	16,890	179,683

(Note) The above balances include the accumulated impairment loss on tangible fixed assets.

(2) Pledged assets and secured debts

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
① Pledged assets			
Buildings	3,817	3,806	40,489
Land	3,314	3,314	35,255
Total	7,131	7,120	75,745
② Secured debts			
Short - term borrowings	260	1,050	11,170
Long - term borrowings due within one year	490	140	1,489
Long - term borrowings	140	—	—
Total	890	1,190	12,659

(3) Notes that matured on the balance sheet day of the fiscal year

Although the balance sheet day for the current fiscal year was not a business day, the notes that matured on this day were treated as if they were settled on the date.

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Notes receivable	1	2	27
Notes payable	41	39	425

(4) Credit line

The Company has entered into a line of credit agreement with some banks by syndicate financing for the purpose of efficient and sustainable financing, improvement of efficiency of funds operations and the Company's financial flexibility.

The credit line under this contract and the unexercised balance at the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Total credit line	26,500	26,500	281,914
Borrowings	6,500	10,000	106,382
Unexercised balance	20,000	16,500	175,531

6. Notes to consolidated statements of income

(1) Major items and the amounts under "Selling, general and administrative expenses"

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Advertising expenses	4,105	4,907	52,212
Promotion expenses	1,601	2,140	22,765
Salaries and bonuses	4,589	5,030	53,511
Depreciation and amortization	795	865	9,202
Provision for accrued bonuses	848	742	7,902
Commission fee	1,055	1,343	14,296
Research and development expenses	2,236	1,982	21,086

(2) The breakdown of "Loss on sales and / or disposal of fixed assets"

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Buildings and structures	33	34	365
Tools, fixtures and furniture	11	56	596
Equipment for amusement facilities	5	7	75
Land	117	101	1,082
Other	153	17	181
Total	321	216	2,301

(3) Research and development expenses included in general and administrative expenses

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Research and development expenses	2,236	1,982	21,086

(4) Impairment loss

The assets, for which the impairment losses were recognized, are as follows:

Usage	Account	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
		(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
		Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Assets to be disposed of	Equipment for amusement facilities	18	58	620
Assets to be disposed of	Buildings and structures	23	—	—
Assets to be disposed of	Land	37	—	—

(Previous fiscal year)

To measure an impairment, assets are principally grouped based on business segments such as "Digital contents," "Arcade operations," etc.
Whereas, rental assets, idle assets, assets to be disposed of and online game contents are evaluated as separate groups.
The Companies made a decision to change some business policies and dispose of some assets. As a result of the decision, the Companies did not make sure of the recoverability of the book value of the assets to be disposed of and recognized the impairment loss as shown above.
The recoverable value for the assets to be sold was computed based on their net realizable value, which was appraised by a real estate appraiser, and that for those to be otherwise disposed of was estimated at zero.

(Current fiscal year)

To measure an impairment, assets are principally grouped based on business segments such as "Digital contents," "Arcade operations," etc.
Whereas, rental assets, idle assets, assets to be disposed of and online game contents are evaluated as separate groups.
The Companies made a decision to dispose of some assets. As a result of the decision, the Companies did not make sure of the recoverability of the book value of the assets to be disposed of and recognized the impairment loss as shown above.

(5) Loss on restructuring

① Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

Not applicable

② Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

The Companies restructured the developmental organization of the digital contents business.

As a result, the Companies booked a loss on restructuring after reviewing its future profitability.

7. Notes to consolidated statements of comprehensive income

(1) Amount of recycling and income tax effect associated with other comprehensive income

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
		Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net unrealized gain or loss on securities			
Amount arising during the current fiscal year	18	138	1,470
Amount of recycling	(8)	—	—
Net gain before income tax effect	9	138	1,470
Income tax effect	—	—	—
Net unrealized gain or loss on securities, net of tax	9	138	1,470
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Amount arising during the current fiscal year	(344)	2,669	28,395
Total other comprehensive income	(334)	2,807	29,865

8. Notes to consolidated statements of changes in net assets

Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(1) Number of outstanding shares

Type of shares	Number of shares as of April 1, 2011	Increase in the number of shares	Decrease in the number of shares	Number of shares as of March 31, 2012
Common stock (thousand shares)	67,723	—	—	67,723

(Note) No change in the number of shares during the previous fiscal year

(2) Number of treasury stocks

Type of shares	Number of shares as of April 1, 2011	Increase in the number of shares	Decrease in the number of shares	Number of shares as of March 31, 2012
Common stock (thousand shares)	8,637	1,501	0	10,138

(Note) The reason for the increase in the number of shares are as follows:

Increase due to purchase of treasury stocks	1,500 thousand shares
Increase due to purchase of less-than-one-unit shares	1 thousand shares

(3) Dividend

① Amount of dividends paid

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 17, 2011	Common stock	¥1,477 million	25	March 31, 2011	June 20, 2011
Board of directors' meeting held on October 26, 2011	Common stock	¥863 million	15	September 30, 2011	November 17, 2011

② Dividends whose effective date was to be after the end of current fiscal year and record date was included in the previous fiscal year.

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 15, 2012	Common stock	¥1,439 million	Retained earnings	25	March 31, 2012	June 18, 2012

Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

(1) Number of outstanding shares

Type of shares	Number of shares as of April 1, 2012	Increase in the number of shares	Decrease in the number of shares	Number of shares as of March 31, 2013
Common stock (thousand shares)	67,723	—	—	67,723

(Note) No change in the number of shares during the current fiscal year

(2) Number of treasury stocks

Type of shares	Number of shares as of April 1, 2012	Increase in the number of shares	Decrease in the number of shares	Number of shares as of March 31, 2013
Common stock (thousand shares)	10,138	0	0	10,139

(Note) The reasons for the increase or decrease in the number of shares are as follows:

Increase due to purchase of less-than-one-unit shares	0 thousand shares
Decrease due to request for purchase of less-than-one-unit shares by shareholders	0 thousand shares

(3) Dividend

① Amount of dividends paid

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 15, 2012	Common stock	¥1,439 million	25	March 31, 2012	June 18, 2012
Board of directors' meeting held on October 31, 2012	Common stock	¥863 million	15	September 30, 2012	November 19, 2012

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Dividend per share (U.S. dollars)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 15, 2012	Common stock	\$15,314 thousand	0.27	March 31, 2012	June 18, 2012
Board of directors' meeting held on October 31, 2012	Common stock	\$9,188 thousand	0.16	September 30, 2012	November 19, 2012

② Dividends whose effective date was to be after the end of current fiscal year and record date was included in the current fiscal year.

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 18, 2013	Common stock	¥1,439 million	Retained earnings	25	March 31, 2013	June 19, 2013

Resolution	Type of shares	Amount of dividends	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (U.S. dollars)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting held on June 18, 2013	Common stock	\$15,314 thousand	Retained earnings	0.27	March 31, 2013	June 19, 2013

9. Notes to consolidated statements of cash flows

(1) Cash and cash equivalents at end of year

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Cash on hand and in banks	24,752	31,522	335,345
Time deposits with maturities over three months	(2,465)	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	22,287	31,522	335,345

10. Accounting for leases

(1) Capital leases that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to lessees, the contracts of which were made on or before March 31, 2008.

The note is omitted due to the insignificance of the total amount.

(2) Capital leases, the contracts of which were made on or after April 1, 2008.

① Capital leases that transfer ownership of the leased assets to lessees

• Leased assets:

Intangible assets

Major assets are software for the business segment of "Amusement equipments."

• Depreciation method:

See Note 2(6), "Summary of significant accounting policies - Leased assets."

② Capital leases that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to lessees

• Leased assets:

Tangible fixed assets

Major assets are equipment for amusement facilities for the business segment of "Arcade operations."

• Depreciation method:

See Note 2(6), "Summary of significant accounting policies - Leased assets."

(3) Operating leases

① Future lease payments

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011) (to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012) (to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012) (to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Due within one year	272	388	4,134
Due over one year	876	2,347	24,975
Total	1,148	2,736	29,110

(For impairment loss)

No impairment loss was recognized for leased assets.

11. Financial instruments

① Conditions of financial instruments

(1) Management policy

The Companies' fund management policy is to invest in financial instruments that have high levels of safety concerning the repayment of the principal and the receipt of the interest, taking safety, liquidity (negotiability, marketability) and profitability into consideration.

The Companies raise funds through borrowings from financial institutions, such as banks, etc.

The Companies also utilize derivative financial instruments in order to hedge foreign currency exchange risk and interest fluctuation rate risk, and do not enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

(2) Financial instruments, risks, and risk management

Notes and accounts receivable, trade are exposed to credit risk of customers. To minimize such risk, the Companies regularly monitor the credit status of major customers as well as perform due date control and balance control for each customer according to importance of business in accordance with credit exposure management rules.

The investments in securities the Company holds consist mainly of listed equity securities of its business partners. These securities are exposed to stock price volatility risk. To minimize such risk, the Company states the fair value of these securities on a quarterly basis to report it to the board of directors' meeting.

As for notes and accounts payable, trade, due date of payment is within one year.

Short - term borrowings are mainly for normal operating activities, and long - term borrowings are mainly for capital investments.

Notes and accounts payable, trade and borrowings are exposed to liquidity risk.

The Companies minimize such risk by forecasting cash flows on a monthly basis.

(3) Supplemental information on fair value of financial instruments

Not applicable

② Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value on the consolidated balance sheets, fair value, and any differences between the two are as follows:

(1) Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen		
	Carrying value	Fair value	Difference
(1) Cash on hand and in banks	24,752	24,752	—
(2) Notes and accounts receivable, trade	17,285	17,285	—
(3) Lease deposits	4,522	4,470	(52)
Total	46,561	46,508	(52)
(1) Notes and accounts payable, trade	7,257	7,257	—
(2) Electronically recorded monetary obligations	—	—	—
(3) Short - term borrowings	7,259	7,259	—
(4) Long - term borrowings	6,145	6,151	6
Total	20,662	20,668	6

(2) Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	Carrying value	Fair value	Difference	Carrying value	Fair value	Difference
(1) Cash on hand and in banks	31,522	31,522	—	335,345	335,345	—
(2) Notes and accounts receivable, trade	11,687	11,687	—	124,338	124,338	—
(3) Lease deposits	4,341	4,325	(16)	46,185	46,013	(171)
Total	47,551	47,535	(16)	505,868	505,697	(171)
(1) Notes and accounts payable, trade	6,304	6,304	—	67,064	67,064	—
(2) Electronically recorded monetary obligations	634	634	—	6,748	6,748	—
(3) Short - term borrowings	11,194	11,194	—	119,091	119,091	—
(4) Long - term borrowings	6,000	6,024	23	63,837	64,091	253
Total	24,133	24,157	23	256,742	256,996	253

(Note 1) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Assets

- (1) Cash on hand and in banks and (2) Notes and accounts receivable, trade
The fair value is assumed to be the same as the carrying value as it approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.
- (3) Lease deposits
The fair value is measured at the present value of future cash flows discounted using the yield of a national government bond according to periods until repayment.

Liabilities

- (1) Notes and accounts payable, trade, (2) Electronically recorded obligations and (3) Short - term borrowings
The fair value is assumed to be the same as the carrying value as it approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.
- (4) Long - term borrowings
The fair value of long - term borrowings with variable interest rates is measured at the carrying value as it approximates fair value.
(The market interest rate fluctuation is reflected in the variable interest rates in short term and the credit status of the Company does not change remarkably after raising funds through long-term borrowings with variable interest rates.)
The fair value of long - term borrowings with fixed rates is measured at the present value of future cash flow (principal plus interest) discounted using the assumed interest rate of similar new borrowings.

(Note 2) Redemption schedule for monetary assets with maturity dates subsequent to the consolidated balance sheets date

(1) Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen			
	April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2017	April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2022	April 1, 2022 and thereafter
(1) Cash on hand and in banks	24,752	—	—	—
(2) Notes and accounts receivable, trade	17,285	—	—	—
(3) Lease deposits	1,552	2,531	434	4
Total	43,591	2,531	434	4

(2) Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars			
	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014	April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018	April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2023	April 1, 2023 and thereafter	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014	April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018	April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2023	April 1, 2023 and thereafter
(1) Cash on hand and in banks	31,522	—	—	—	335,345	—	—	—
(2) Notes and accounts receivable, trade	11,687	—	—	—	124,338	—	—	—
(3) Lease deposits	1,290	2,774	274	2	13,726	29,511	2,925	22
Total	44,500	2,774	274	2	473,409	29,511	2,925	22

(Note 3) Repayment schedule for long - term borrowings and lease obligations with maturity dates subsequent to the consolidated balance sheets date

(1) Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen						
	April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014	April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017	April 1, 2017 and thereafter	April 1, 2017 and thereafter
(1) Short - term borrowings		7,259	—	—	—	—	—
(2) Long - term borrowings		—	144	3,000	3,000	—	—
(3) Lease obligations		322	230	128	48	21	—
Total		7,582	375	3,129	3,048	21	—

(2) Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen					
	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014	April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017	April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018	April 1, 2018 and thereafter
(1) Short - term borrowings	11,194	—	—	—	—	—
(2) Long - term borrowings	—	3,000	3,000	—	—	—
(3) Lease obligations	364	261	175	79	35	1
Total	11,558	3,261	3,175	79	35	1

	Thousands of U.S. dollars					
	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014	April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017	April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018	April 1, 2018 and thereafter
(1) Short - term borrowings	119,091	—	—	—	—	—
(2) Long - term borrowings	—	31,922	31,914	—	—	—
(3) Lease obligations	3,872	2,777	1,867	846	377	18
Total	122,964	34,699	33,782	846	377	18

12. Investments in securities

(1) Available - for - sale securities with a readily determinable fair value

① Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)

Classification	Millions of yen		
	Carrying value	Acquisition cost	Difference
Securities with book value exceeding their acquisition cost			
(1) Equity securities	55	39	15
(2) Bonds	—	—	—
(3) Others	—	—	—
Subtotal	55	39	15
Securities with book value not exceeding their acquisition cost			
(1) Equity securities	271	334	(62)
(2) Bonds	—	—	—
(3) Others	—	—	—
Subtotal	271	334	(62)
Total	326	373	(46)

② Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)

Classification	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	Carrying value	Acquisition cost	Difference	Carrying value	Acquisition cost	Difference
Securities with book value exceeding their acquisition cost						
(1) Equity securities	477	386	91	5,081	4,110	971
(2) Bonds	—	—	—	—	—	—
(3) Others	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	477	386	91	5,081	4,110	971
Securities with book value not exceeding their acquisition cost						
(1) Equity securities	—	—	—	—	—	—
(2) Bonds	—	—	—	—	—	—
(3) Others	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	477	386	91	5,081	4,110	971

(2) Investments in securities sold during the fiscal year

① Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

Classification	Millions of yen		
	Amount of sales	Total gain on sales	Total loss on sales
(1) Equity securities	47	8	—
(2) Bonds	—	—	—
(3) Others	—	—	—
Total	47	8	—

② Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

Not applicable

13. Derivatives

Not applicable as the Companies had no derivative contracts.

14. Retirement benefits for employees

(1) Summary of retirement benefit plans

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have unfunded lump - sum benefit plans and defined contribution pension plans. Some foreign subsidiaries have defined contribution pension plans.

(2) Accrued retirement benefits

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(As of March 31, 2012)	(As of March 31, 2013)	(As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
A. Projected benefit obligations	(1,798)	(1,973)	(20,996)
B. Fair value of plan assets	—	—	—
C. Unfunded benefit obligations (A+B)	(1,798)	(1,973)	(20,996)
D. Unrecognized transition obligations	47	31	335
E. Unrecognized actuarial differences	321	314	3,345
F. Unrecognized prior service liabilities	(80)	(69)	(742)
G. Accrued pension liabilities recognized in the consolidated balance sheet (C+D+E+F)	(1,509)	(1,697)	(18,057)
H. Prepaid pension expenses	—	—	—
I. Accrued retirement benefits for employees (G - H)	(1,509)	(1,697)	(18,057)

(Note) Some subsidiaries apply a simplified method of computing pension liabilities.

(3) Retirement and pension cost

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
A. Service costs	123	160	1,703
B. Interest costs	16	21	228
C. Expected return on plan assets	—	—	—
D. Amortization of transition obligations	15	15	167
E. Amortization of actuarial differences	15	28	298
F. Amortization of prior service liabilities	(13)	(10)	(115)
G. Net periodic benefit costs (A+B+C+D+E+F)	157	214	2,283
H. Other	193	242	2,578
I. Total (G+H)	350	457	4,862

(Note) 1. Retirement cost for some subsidiaries which have adopted the simplified method are included in the "Service costs".

2. "Other" means the contribution to the defined contribution pension plans.

(4) Assumptions used in calculation of retirement benefits for employees

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
A. Method of attributing projected benefits to periods of service	Straight - line	Straight - line
B. Discount rate	1.5%	1.5%
C. Long - term rate of return on plan assets	—	—
D. Amortization period for prior service liabilities	8 years (based on the straight - line method over the average estimated service years of employees)	8 years The same method as the previous fiscal year
E. Amortization period for actuarial differences	8 to 9 years (based on the straight - line method over the average estimated service years of employees from the next fiscal period of year when the differences are computed)	8 to 14 years The same method as the previous fiscal year
F. Amortization period for transition obligations	15 years	15 years

15. Accounting for income taxes

(1) Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
(Deferred tax assets)			
Allowance for doubtful accounts	14	21	226
Accrued bonuses	754	640	6,817
Accrued retirement benefits for employees	534	599	6,379
Accrued retirement benefits for directors	141	141	1,505
Inventories	2,247	4,677	49,757
Prepaid expenses	118	44	468
Tax loss carryforwards in the subsidiaries	252	25	269
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies	196	176	1,880
Depreciation	445	524	5,578
Impairment loss	108	44	476
Unearned revenue	440	545	5,803
Other	1,565	1,731	18,422
Subtotal	6,819	9,173	97,586
Valuation allowance	(1,527)	(1,574)	(16,747)
Total deferred tax assets	5,291	7,598	80,839
(Deferred tax liabilities)			
Taxdeductible inventories for a foreign subsidiary	(367)	(186)	(1,988)
Other	(9)	(182)	(1,943)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(377)	(369)	(3,931)
Net deferred tax assets	4,914	7,229	76,907
Net deferred tax assets are reflected in the consolidated balance sheets as follows:			
Current assets—deferred tax assets	4,239	6,497	69,124
Non current assets—deferred tax assets	908	733	7,808
Current liabilities—deferred tax liabilities	(7)	—	—
Non current liabilities—deferred tax liabilities	(225)	(2)	(24)
Total	4,914	7,229	76,907

(2) Reconciliation of the difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective income tax rate

	Previous fiscal year (As of March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2013)
	%	%
Statutory income tax rate	—	37.9
(Reconciliation)		
Change in valuation allowance	—	(1.7)
Tax credit	—	(16.1)
Amortization of goodwill	—	1.4
Different tax rates applied to foreign subsidiaries	—	(4.1)
Permanent difference (meals and entertainment, etc.)	—	1.0
Unappropriated retained earnings of foreign subsidiaries	—	2.5
Tax adjustments resulting from consolidation elimination entries, etc.	—	7.5
Others	—	(8.2)
Effective income tax rate	—	20.1

(Note) The note for the previous fiscal year was omitted due to the insignificance of the difference between the two rates.

16. Business combinations

The note is omitted due to the insignificance of the total amount.

17. Asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations on the balance sheet.

① Outline of asset retirement obligations

Obligations to restore business offices and amusement facilities in the business of "Arcade operations" to their original state, which are specified in the real estate lease agreements.

② Calculation of asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are calculated with the future cash flows discounted.

For the business offices, their depreciation periods (mainly 15 years) are regarded as their estimated periods of use and the yields of the national government bonds, which correspond to respective depreciation periods are used as their discount rates (mainly 1.885%).

For the amusement facilities, their lease periods (mainly 6 to 10 years) are regarded as their estimated periods of use and the yields of the national government bonds, which corresponds to respective lease periods are used as their discount rates (mainly 0.723 to 1.395%).

③ Increase or decrease in the asset retirement obligations

	Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Opening balance	340	344	3,667
Increase due to purchase of tangible fixed assets	—	19	210
Adjustment due to passage of time	4	4	48
Decrease due to settlement of asset retirement obligations	(0)	(19)	(204)
Ending balance	344	349	3,721

18. Investment and rental property

The note is omitted due to the insignificance of the total amount.

19. Segment information

1. Outline of reportable segments

(1) Classification of reportable segments

The reportable segments the Company reports are the business units for which the Company is able to obtain individual financial information separately in order for the board of directors to conduct periodic investigations to determine the distribution of operational resources and evaluate their business performance.

The Company has several operational headquarters, which plan comprehensive business strategies in the domestic and overseas markets for their products and services, and develop its business activities.

Therefore the Company's reportable segments are based on the products and services its operational headquarters deal in and are composed of the following 3 segments: "Digital contents," "Arcade operations" and "Amusement equipments."

(2) Product and service line

The "Digital contents" develops and distributes video and mobile games for consumers.

The "Arcade operations" operates amusement stores which install amusement equipments.

The "Amusement equipments" manufactures arcade game machines and pachinko gambling machines, etc. to be distributed to arcade operators and pachinko parlors.

(3) Information on change in reportable segments

Effective from the fiscal year ended 31 March, 2013, the Company has integrated the "Mobile contents" business into "Consumer online games" business.

This is because the Company needs to arrange an efficient development and management system to respond to rapidly changing business environments in recent years and wants to pursue its multi-platform strategy.

With this change, the name "Consumer online games" has changed into "Digital contents."

The segment information for the same period of the previous fiscal year has been prepared based on the latest segmentation as shown on "3. Information on net sales and operating income (loss), identifiable assets and liabilities and other items by reportable segment"

2. Method of calculating sales and income (loss), identifiable assets and liabilities and other items by reportable segment

The accounting procedures for the reportable segment are based on "Summary of significant accounting policies."

Income by reportable segment is calculated based on operating income on the consolidated statements of income.

3. Information on net sales and operating income (loss), identifiable assets and liabilities and other items by reportable segment

① Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen							
	Reportable segment				Other (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated total (Note 3)
	Digital contents	Arcade operations	Amusement equipments	Total				
Net sales								
(1) Customers	59,810	11,729	7,663	79,202	2,862	82,065	—	82,065
(2) Intersegment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	59,810	11,729	7,663	79,202	2,862	82,065	—	82,065
Segment income	12,888	1,787	890	15,566	877	16,444	(4,125)	12,318
Segment assets	51,543	8,006	8,294	67,844	2,931	70,776	27,471	98,247
Other items								
Depreciation	747	1,380	114	2,242	276	2,518	605	3,123
Increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets	2,331	936	232	3,500	509	4,009	143	4,153

(Note) 1. "Other" incorporates operations not included in reportable segments, including character contents business, etc.

2. Adjustments are as follows:

(1) Adjustments of segment income of (¥4,125) million include unallocated corporate operating expenses of (¥4,125) million. The corporate operating expenses, which do not belong to any reportable segments mainly consist of administrative expenses.

(2) Adjustments of segment assets of ¥27,471 million include unallocated corporate identifiable assets of ¥27,471 million.

(3) Adjustments of increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets of ¥143 million are capital investments by headquarters.

3. Segment income is adjusted on operating income of the consolidated statements of income.

② Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen							
	Reportable segment				Other (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated total (Note 3)
	Digital contents	Arcade operations	Amusement equipments	Total				
Net sales								
(1) Customers	63,636	10,944	16,783	91,363	2,711	94,075	—	94,075
(2) Intersegment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	63,636	10,944	16,783	91,363	2,711	94,075	—	94,075
Segment income	7,062	1,709	4,892	13,664	740	14,405	(4,253)	10,151
Segment assets	44,950	7,046	13,054	65,051	4,236	69,288	35,076	104,365
Other items								
Depreciation	1,067	1,186	235	2,489	253	2,743	663	3,406
Increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets	6,091	698	278	7,068	1,458	8,526	197	8,724

	Thousands of U.S. dollars							
	Reportable segment				Other (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated total (Note 3)
	Digital contents	Arcade operations	Amusement equipments	Total				
Net sales								
(1) Customers	676,983	116,426	178,545	971,955	28,843	1,000,799	—	1,000,799
(2) Intersegment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	676,983	116,426	178,545	971,955	28,843	1,000,799	—	1,000,799
Segment income	75,132	18,181	52,048	145,363	7,882	153,246	(45,252)	107,993
Segment assets	478,199	74,957	138,881	692,038	45,068	737,106	373,159	1,110,266
Other items								
Depreciation	11,358	12,626	2,501	26,486	2,694	29,181	7,054	36,235
Increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets	64,805	7,428	2,966	75,200	15,510	90,711	2,099	92,811

(Note) 1. "Other" incorporates operations not included in reportable segments, including character contents business, etc.

2. Adjustments are as follows:

(1) Adjustments of segment income of (¥4,253) million ((\$45,252) thousand) include unallocated corporate operating expenses of (¥4,253) million ((\$45,252) thousand). The corporate operating expenses, which do not belong to any reportable segments mainly consist of administrative expenses.

(2) Adjustments of segment assets of ¥35,076 million (\$373,159 thousand) include unallocated corporate identifiable assets of ¥35,076 million (\$373,159 thousand).

(3) Adjustments of increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets of ¥197 million (\$2,099 thousand) are capital investments by headquarters.

3. Segment income is adjusted on operating income of the consolidated statements of income.

[Related information]

1. Information by product and service line

The information is omitted as the same kind of information is disclosed in Note 19, "Segment information."

2. Information by country or region

(1) Net sales

① Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

Millions of yen				
Japan	North America	Europe	Other regions	Total
56,311	17,334	5,623	2,796	82,065

② Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars				
Japan	North America	Europe	Other regions	Total	Japan	North America	Europe	Other regions	Total
63,531	19,012	8,312	3,218	94,075	675,865	202,257	88,434	34,241	1,000,799

(Note) 1. The sales amounts are classified by country or region where customers are located.

2. Countries or regions that are not in Japan.

(1) North America.....United States of America

(2) Europe.....European countries

(3) Other regions.....Asia and others

(2) Tangible fixed assets

The information is omitted as the balance of tangible fixed assets in Japan exceeded 90% or more of the total balance of tangible fixed assets of the consolidated balance sheet.

3. Information by major customer

① Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

The information is omitted as the Companies did not have any major customers for whom the sales amount accounted for 10% or more of the total sales amount of the consolidated statement of income.

② Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
Customer	Amount of net sales	Reportable segment	Customer	Amount of net sales	Reportable segment
Fields Corporation	12,513	Amusement equipments	Fields Corporation	133,119	Amusement equipments

[Impairment loss by reportable segment]

(1) Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen				
	Reportable segment		Other	Corporate or elimination	Total
	Arcade operations	Subtotal			
Impairment loss	80	80	—	—	80

(2) Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars				
	Reportable segment		Other	Corporate or elimination	Total	Reportable segment		Other	Corporate or elimination	Total
	Arcade operations	Subtotal				Arcade operations	Subtotal			
Impairment loss	58	58	—	—	58	620	620	—	—	620

[Amortization and balance of goodwill by reportable segment]

(1) Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

	Millions of yen				Total
	Reportable segment		Other	Corporate or elimination	
	Digital contents	Subtotal			
Amortization	112	112	—	—	112
Balance	291	291	—	—	291

(2) Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen						Thousands of U.S. dollars					
	Reportable segment			Other	Corporate or elimination	Total	Reportable segment			Other	Corporate or elimination	Total
	Digital contents	Amusement equipments	Subtotal				Digital contents	Amusement equipments	Subtotal			
Amortization	118	14	132	—	—	132	1,257	148	1,406	—	—	1,406
Balance	200	—	200	—	—	200	2,128	—	2,128	—	—	2,128

[Negative goodwill by reportable segment](1) Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)
Not applicable(2) Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
Not applicable**20. Related party transactions**(1) Previous fiscal year (From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)
Not applicable(2) Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
Not applicable**21 . Per share information**

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Yen	Yen	U.S. dollars
Net assets per share	1,030.70	1,091.08	11.61
Net income per share	116.10	51.64	0.55

(Note) 1. The diluted net income per share for the current fiscal year is omitted as the Companies have no residual securities.

2. The basis for computation of net assets per share is as follows:

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(As of March 31, 2012)	(As of March 31, 2013)	(As of March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Total amount of net assets	59,352	62,828	668,386
Amounts to be deducted from total amount of net assets	—	—	—
Ending balance of net assets attributable to common stock	59,352	62,828	668,386
Number of shares of common stocks used for computation of net assets per share (thousand shares)	57,584	57,583	57,583

3. The basis for computation of net income per share is as follows:

	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)	(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net income	6,723	2,973	31,632
Amount not allocated to common stock	—	—	—
Net income allocated to common stock	6,723	2,973	31,632
Average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the fiscal year (thousand shares)	57,913	57,584	57,584

22. Significant subsequent events

The Company made a resolution to repurchase treasury stock through the board of directors' meeting held on April 18, 2013 in accordance with the articles of incorporation applied under the Section 1 of Article 156 and Section 3 of Article 165 of the Companies Act.

(1) Purpose	(4) Amount of shares repurchased
To flexibly implement capital policies to meet with changes in the business environment.	2,281,065,100 yen (24,266,650 U.S. dollars)
(2) Type of shares	(5) Repurchase period
Common stock	From April 22, 2013 to May 31, 2013
(3) Number of shares repurchased	(6) Method of repurchase
1,347,200 shares	Repurchase in the market

23. Supplemental schedule of bonds

Not applicable

24. Supplemental schedule of borrowings

Category	Balance as of April 1, 2012 (¥ million)	Balance as of March 31, 2013 (¥ million)	Average interest rate (%)	Date of maturity
Short - term borrowings	6,760	11,050	0.5	—
Current portion of long - term borrowings due within one year	499	144	0.9	—
Current portion of lease obligations	322	364	1.3	—
Long - term borrowings (Excluding current portion)	6,145	6,000	0.7	From 2014 to 2015
Lease obligations (Excluding current portion)	429	553	1.3	From 2014 to 2019
Other interest bearing debt	—	—	—	—
Total	14,156	18,112	—	—

Category	Balance as of April 1, 2012 (\$ thousand)	Balance as of March 31, 2013 (\$ thousand)	Average interest rate (%)	Date of maturity
Short - term borrowings	71,914	117,553	0.5	—
Current portion of long - term borrowings due within one year	5,311	1,538	0.9	—
Current portion of lease obligations	3,434	3,872	1.3	—
Long - term borrowings (Excluding current portion)	65,376	63,837	0.7	From 2014 to 2015
Lease obligations (Excluding current portion)	4,566	5,888	1.3	From 2014 to 2019
Other interest bearing debt	—	—	—	—
Total	150,604	192,689	—	—

(Note) 1. The average interest rate represents the weighted average rate applicable to the ending balance.

2. The following table shows the aggregate annual maturities of long - term borrowings and lease obligations for five years subsequent to March 31, 2014 (excluding the current portion).

	Due after 1 year but within 2 years (¥ million)	Due after 2 years but within 3 years (¥ million)	Due after 3 years but within 4 years (¥ million)	Due after 4 years but within 5 years (¥ million)
Long - term borrowings	3,000	3,000	—	—
Lease obligations	261	175	79	35

	Due after 1 year but within 2 years (\$ thousand)	Due after 2 years but within 3 years (\$ thousand)	Due after 3 years but within 4 years (\$ thousand)	Due after 4 years but within 5 years (\$ thousand)
Long - term borrowings	31,922	31,914	—	—
Lease obligations	2,777	1,867	846	377

25. Supplemental schedule of asset retirement obligations

The note is omitted because the balance of the asset retirement obligations as of the beginning and that as of the end of the current fiscal year were 1 % or less than the total balance of the liabilities and the net assets as of the beginning and that as of the end of the current fiscal year, respectively.

26. Supplemental schedule of other

Quarterly sales, etc. for the current fiscal year

	1st quarter (From April 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012)	2nd quarter (From April 1, 2012) to September 30, 2012)	3rd quarter (From April 1, 2012) to December 31, 2012)	4th quarter (From April 1, 2012) to March 31, 2013)
Net sales (¥ million)	18,620	45,538	72,699	94,075
Net income before income taxes (¥ million)	2,208	6,047	9,909	3,719
Net income (¥ million)	1,320	4,125	6,645	2,973
Net income per share (yen)	22.93	71.64	115.40	51.64

	1st quarter (From April 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012)	2nd quarter (From April 1, 2012) to September 30, 2012)	3rd quarter (From April 1, 2012) to December 31, 2012)	4th quarter (From April 1, 2012) to March 31, 2013)
Net sales (\$ thousand)	198,093	484,448	773,403	1,000,799
Net income before income taxes (\$ thousand)	23,491	64,338	105,421	39,572
Net income (\$ thousand)	14,047	43,885	70,694	31,632
Net income per share (U.S. dollars)	0.24	0.76	1.23	0.55

	1st quarter (From April 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012)	2nd quarter (From July 1, 2012) to September 30, 2012)	3rd quarter (From October 1, 2012) to December 31, 2012)	4th quarter (From January 1, 2013) to March 31, 2013)
Net income per share (yen)	22.93	48.71	43.76	(63.76)

	1st quarter (From April 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012)	2nd quarter (From July 1, 2012) to September 30, 2012)	3rd quarter (From October 1, 2012) to December 31, 2012)	4th quarter (From January 1, 2013) to March 31, 2013)
Net income per share (U.S. dollars)	0.24	0.52	0.47	(0.68)

To the Board of Directors of CAPCOM Co., Ltd .

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of CAPCOM Co., Ltd. ("the Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as at March 31, 2013, and the consolidated statements of income and, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in net assets and consolidated statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as at March 31, 2013, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Other matters

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended March 31, 2012 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on July 30, 2012.

Convenience Translation

The U.S. dollars amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2013 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollars amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

KPMG AZSA LLC

July 31, 2013
Osaka, Japan